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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEFENCE DEPARTMENT

PART A

NOTIFICATION
(Navy Branch)

New Delhi, the 12th July 1947

No. 1841.—An examination for the selection of cadets for entry to the permanent cadre of the commissioned ranks of the Royal Indian Navy will be held in Delhi on Monday, the 18th October 1947 and subsequent days. The examination will be conducted by the Federal Public Service Commission.

2. The maximum number of vacancies to be filled up as a result of this and a special examination of cadets of the I.M.M.T.S. Dufferin also to be held in October 1947, will be 8 as shown below:—

Branches	No. of vacancies
Executive	3
Engineering	3
Supply & Secretariat	2

The number of vacancies allotted to different Branches is subject to alteration and candidates should show in the application form the order of their preference for all three Branches—Executive, Engineering and Supply and Secretariat—if they wish to compete for more than one Branch.

3. Candidates who qualify at the written examination will be required to appear before a Services Selection Board, which will make recommendations to the Government of India for the final selection of cadets for appointment to the vacancies offered at the examination.

4. Candidates for admission to the Royal Indian Navy examination must have been born not earlier than the 2nd May 1928 and not later than the 1st May 1930. The age limits can in no case be relaxed.

5. Particulars relating to educational qualifications and subjects prescribed for the examination are stated in the rules prescribed for the examination, and published in the Defence Department Resolution No. 1842, dated the 12th July 1947.

6. A candidate who desires to appear at the examination is required to submit his application in the prescribed form with the necessary documents in accordance with the "Instructions to Candidates regarding the filling up and submission of applications". Applications must reach the Federal Public Service Commission direct or before the 28th August 1947. Copies of the Rules and the Application form, etc., may be obtained direct from the Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Simla.

The fact that an application form has been supplied on a particular date will not be accepted as an excuse for the late submission of an application. Candidates who delay their requests for forms until a late date will do so at their own risk.

7. Candidates who are already in Government service may compete at the examination, provided that they fulfil all the conditions mentioned in the Rules. Applications from candidates in Government service whether employed in a permanent or temporary capacity must be submitted through the Head of the Department or office concerned.

Note 1.—If any candidate who has applied for admission to the examination held in June 1947, for entry to

the Royal Indian Navy, wishes to appear at the examination to be held in October 1947, he must submit his application by the prescribed date without waiting for the results of the former examination. If he is successful, his candidature for the October examination will be cancelled.

NOTE 2.—The approximate cost of training for the Royal Indian Navy is £116.

NOTE 3.—The Governments of Madras and Bombay have instituted a scholarship of the value of £116 to be awarded annually to the Madras/Bombay candidate standing highest in the examination and selected as cadet for the Royal Indian Navy.

Detailed rules for the grant of the scholarship by Madras Govt., are published in that Govt. Order No. G.O.Ms., No. 2218, dated 21st September 1945. Rules for the grant of Bombay Govt. scholarship are contained in their Resolution No. 6975-E., dated 28th May 1947.

NOTE 4.—Likewise, a scholarship of the value of £116 will be awarded annually to the first successful candidate, from Coorg who may be selected. (Details of this are awaited from the Coorg Administration).

RESOLUTION
(Navy Branch)

New Delhi, the 12th July 1947

No. 1842.—The Governor General in Council hereby makes the following rules for the selection of cadets for the commissioned ranks (permanent cadre) of the Royal Indian Navy. Candidates will have to appear at an examination, which will be held by the Federal Public Service Commission on the 18th October 1947 and subsequent days. Those who qualify at the written examination will be required to appear before a Services Selection Board which will make recommendations for the final selection of cadets.

RULES

I. (i) A candidate for selection shall apply to be admitted to the examination before such date and in such form as the Federal Public Service Commission may prescribe. The application shall be made direct in the Federal Public Service Commission, Simla.

(ii) A candidate who is in permanent or temporary Government service shall apply to the Commission for admission to the examination through the Head of his Department, who shall forward his application to the Commission unless he refuses his consent to the application.

(iii) Cadets of the Prince of Wales' Royal Indian Military College, Dehra Dun, shall submit their applications through the Principal of the College.

(iv) No candidate shall make more than one application in respect of this examination.

3. A candidate must be an unmarried man and either—

- (a) a British subject of Indian domicile or descent, or
- (b) a Ruler or a subject of an Indian State or a British protected person of the tribal areas.

3. A candidate must furnish a declaration from his father or guardian, in the form prescribed that the latter is in a position, and will be prepared to discharge the financial obligations attaching to the candidate's training for appointment to the Royal Indian Navy. Should it be found that the declaration in regard to discharge of financial obligations during the period of training is false in any respect, the candidate will be liable to immediate removal.

NOTE.—The Parents' share of cost of training amounts to £116. This is meant to meet the private expenditure of cadets on vacation expenses of £80 (@ £20 per annum) plus private allowance for first year only of £36, together totalling £116. The whole amount need not be deposited in advance but parents/guardians are to make satisfactory arrangements for this payment to be made. It may further be noted that £116 is not a firm figure but an approximation of the expenditure likely to be incurred on the two items mentioned.

4. The maximum number of candidates to be admitted to the examination may in the discretion of the Governor General in Council, be limited to such number as the Governor General in Council may decide. If a limit is imposed and the number of candidates exceeds that limit, the Federal Public Service Commission shall select from among the applicants those who shall be admitted to the examination and shall have regard in so doing to the suitability of the applicants for employment as commissioned officers in the Royal Indian Navy.

5. A candidate must have passed—

(a) the Matriculation Examination of a recognised Indian University; or

(b) an examination accepted by any such University as equivalent to a Matriculation Examination for the purpose of admission to a University course; or

(c) the Cambridge School Certificate Examination; or

(d) any other examination which may be recognised by the Federal Public Service Commission as equivalent to the above.

or must possess one of the following certificates:—

(e) the Indian Army Special Certificate of Education, or

(f) the Certificate issued by the Inter-Provincial Board for Anglo-Indian and European Education to 9th Standard students who join the Forces; or

(g) the Higher Educational Test of the Royal Indian Navy; or

(h) the Higher Secondary Technical Examination Certificate of the Delhi Polytechnic; or

(i) the 10th class certificate from a Higher Secondary School in Delhi/Siuna and must have been admitted to the 11th Class in such a school;

(j) Junior examination of the Jamia Millia Islamia, Delhi, in the case of a bona fide resident student of the Jamia only.

6. A candidate for this examination must have been born not earlier than the 2nd May 1928 and not later than the 1st May 1930.

7. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the efficient performance of the duties of a commissioned officer in the Royal Indian Navy. Only successful candidates will be medically examined. A candidate, who, after examination by a Medical Board, is found not to satisfy these requirements, will not be accepted for admission to the Service.

NOTE.—Candidates are recommended to consult a Government medical officer of the standing of a Civil Surgeon as to their physical suitability before entering for the examination.

8. A candidate must satisfy the Federal Public Service Commission that he is suitable in all respects for employment as a commissioned officer in the Royal Indian Navy.

9. The decision of the Federal Public Service Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate shall be final.

10. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Federal Public Service Commission.

11. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to enlist support for his application will disqualify him for admission to the Royal Indian Navy.

12. The candidates must pay the following fee:—

A consolidated application and examination fee of Rs. 87-8-0 with the application.

(A Treasury Receipt or crossed postal orders only for this amount will be accepted by the Federal Public Service Commission. The Commission cannot accept the fee in cash or cheques.)

No claim for a refund of this fee will ordinarily be entertained, nor can this be held in reserve for any other examination. A refund of Rs. 30 will, however, be allowed to a candidate who has paid the consolidated fee of Rs. 87-8-0 but who is not admitted to the examination by the Commission.

13. The examination will include the following subjects and the maximum number of marks obtainable for each subject is as follows:—

	Maximum M.ks
1. English Language	300
2. General Knowledge	200
3. Lower Mathematics	300
4. Physics-plus-Chemistry	300
5. French	300
6. German	300
7. English History from 1857	300
8. Indian History	300
9. Higher Mathematics	300

All candidates must offer English, General Knowledge and Lower Mathematics and must pass in Lower Mathematics; candidates for Executive and Engineering Branches must also offer and pass in Physics-plus-Chemistry. Candidates for Executive and Engineering Branches must offer one of the subjects from 5 to 9 as an optional subject. Candidates for the Supply and Secretariat Branch must offer two of the subjects from 4 to 9 as optional subjects.

14. In order to qualify in the written examination—

(a) candidates for Executive and Engineering Branches must obtain 75 marks each in Lower Mathematics and Physics-plus-Chemistry and 630 marks in all the subjects taken together.

(b) candidates for the Supply and Secretariat Branch must obtain 75 marks in Lower Mathematics and 630 marks in all the subjects taken together.

15. From the marks assigned to candidates in each subject such deduction will be made as the Federal Public Service Commission may consider necessary in order to secure that no credit is allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

16. Deductions for handwriting which is at all difficult to read will be made up to 20 per cent. of the maximum marks for the written subjects. In English, and in every other subject, deductions for bad English spelling will be made up to 10 per cent. of the maximum marks.

17. The Federal Public Service Commission shall prepare a list of candidates in order of their merit as disclosed by the aggregate marks awarded to each candidate at the written examination. The candidates who obtain qualifying marks at the written examination shall appear before a Services Selection Board which will make recommendations for the final selection of cadets.

V. F. FERNANDES, Dy. Secy

Statement showing births and deaths from principal diseases, in towns with a population of over 30,000 in the provinces of India and some of the Indian States for the week ending the 27th September 1947—*contd.*

Name of town	Mid-year estimated population (1947)	Births	Birth rate (annual)*	Deaths from:—						Total deaths (all causes)	Death rate (annual)*	
				Cholera	Smallpox	Plague	Fever	Dysentery and diarrhoea	Respiratory diseases			
Bihar												
atna	185,851	35	9·7	6	...	...	12	2	2	32	8·9
ihar†	34,184	2	3·0	1	...	...	3	...	...	4	6·0
inapur Nizamat	55,782	17	15·8	...	..	..	10	1	...	16	14·9
hapra	59,993	18	15·6	2	...	...	...	1	...	18	15·3
ettiah	31,809	20	32·7	11	...	...	5	2	3	35	57·2
Iuzaffarpur†	74,605	27	18·8	1	...	...	4	...	...	13	9·0
arbhangā	45,138	7	8·0	6	...	...	...	1	...	8	9·2
amalpur	99,213	17	8·9	...	...	...	...	3	...	7	3·6
tanchi	56,496	25	23·0	...	...	...	8	1	...	18	16·5
urulia	33,276	5	7·8	...	...	...	6	3	2	13	20·3
amshedpur	189,859	85	23·2	1	...	...	1	2	2	8	2·1
TOTAL	866,206	258	15·4	28	..	..	52	13	9	172	10·3
Orissa												
Berhampur	47,202	47	51·7	...	...	...	5	1	2	18	19·8
Juttack	80,010	47	30·5	...	...	...	6	9	1	37	24·0
uri	43,265	24	28·8	...	...	...	3	4	4	30	36·6
TOTAL	170,477	118	35·4	...	...	...	14			85	2
West Bengal												
Burdwan	77,661	17	11·4	..	..	..	1	1	2	8	5·4
Iidnapur†	50,233	12	12·5	..	..	..	1	3	1	11	11·4
Looghly-Chinsura	59,499	38	29·5	..	..	..	11	3	..	21	18·8
erampur	65,649	26	20·7	..	..	..	2	3	3	16	12·7
Hampdani	35,930	6	8·7	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	5·8
Kowrah	477,091	107	11·7	4	..	..	19	22	39	143	15·6
Sally	63,095	11	9·1	..	..	..	1	1	2	6	5·0
ollygunj.	80,203	11	7·2	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	0·7
arden Reach	103,757	13	6·5	..	..	..	4	4	2	20	10·1
Budge Budge	37,594	13	18·0	1	..	..	2	4	..	7	9·7
Karanagar	65,471	26	20·7	..	..	..	4	3	3	15	11·9
Naihati	49,351	5	5·3	..	..	..	3	..	..	4	4·2
Shatpara	137,355	76	28·9	..	..	..	14	5	7	50	19·0
Alcutta	2,707,467	730	14·1	4	..	..	135	79	174	768	14·8
Krishnagar	36,912	4	5·7	..	..	..	2	..	1	4	5·7
abadvip	38,006	24	32·9	..	..	..	15	1	1	20	27·4
Kankura†	56,061	9	8·4	..	..	..	..	1	1	5	4·7
itagarh	62,374	24	20·1	1	..	..	26	..	..	30	25·1
Berhampur	50,525	3	3·1	..	..	..	3	1	..	4	4·1
TOTAL	4,254,234	1,150	14·1	10	..	..	244	131	236	1,137	13·9

*Figures not available.

ORDER

ORDERED that this Resolution be communicated to all Maritime Provincial Governments, the several Departments of the Government of India, the Political Department, the Private and Military Secretaries to His Excellency the Viceroy, the High Commissioner for India in London, the High Commissioner for United Kingdom in India, the Indian Trade Commissioner, London, the Indian Trade Commissioners at New York,

Buenos Aires, Toronto, Alexandra, Mombassa, Tehran and Sydney, His Majesty's Trade Commissioner in India, Charge d'Affairs, Embassy of the U.S.A. to India, the Australian Trade Commissioner in India, all the Principal Officers, the Controller of Indian Shipping, all the Indian Shipping Companies.

ORDERED also that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*, for general information.

Y. N. SUKTHANKAR, Secy.